



# ENHANCING LEARNING

Through Assessment and Evaluation:  
Strategies for Student Progress

PART 1



Lakshmy Ady Kusumoriny, S.S., M.Pd.

# ENHANCING LEARNING

## Through Assessment and Evaluation: Strategies for Student Progress PART 1

In this introductory chapter, the book lays the foundation for understanding the roles of assessment and evaluation in the learning process. It discusses the importance of these processes in gauging student progress and informing instructional decisions. The chapter introduces key concepts, terminology, and principles related to assessment and evaluation, providing readers with a framework for subsequent discussions. Through examples and case studies, it illustrates how effective assessment and evaluation practices can contribute to improved learning outcomes.

Chapter 2 delves into the concept and practice of formative assessment, which focuses on providing ongoing feedback to students during the learning process. It explores various strategies and techniques educators can employ to assess student understanding, identify areas for improvement, and adjust instruction accordingly. The chapter emphasizes the value of formative assessment in promoting student engagement, self-regulation, and academic growth. Through real-world examples and scenarios, it illustrates how educators can integrate formative assessment practices into their teaching to enhance learning experiences for students.

Chapter 3 shifts the focus to summative assessment, which involves evaluating student learning outcomes at the end of a unit, course, or academic period. It examines different types of summative assessment methods, such as tests, projects, and portfolios, and discusses their purposes, advantages, and limitations. The chapter also explores best practices for designing and administering summative assessments, including strategies for ensuring fairness, validity, and reliability. Through case studies and practical examples, it demonstrates how educators can effectively use summative assessment to measure student achievement and inform instructional planning and decision-making.



eureka  
media aksara

Anggota IKAPI  
No. 225/JTE/2021

0858 5343 1992  
eurekamediaaksara@gmail.com  
Jl. Banjaran RT.20 RW.10  
Bojongsari - Purbalingga 53362

ISBN 978-623-120-594-0 (no. jil. lengkap)

ISBN 978-623-120-595-7 (jil. 1)



9

786231

205957

**ENHANCING LEARNING THROUGH  
ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION:  
STRATEGIES FOR STUDENT PROGRESS  
PART 1**

**Laksmi Ady Kusumoriny, S.S., M.Pd.**



**eureka**  
**media aksara**

**PENERBIT CV.EUREKA MEDIA AKSARA**

**ENHANCING LEARNING THROUGH ASSESSMENT AND  
EVALUATION: STRATEGIES FOR STUDENT PROGRESS  
PART 1**

**Penulis** : Laksmy Ady Kusumoriny, S.S., M.Pd.

**Desain Sampul** : Eri Setiawan

**Tata Letak** : Leli Agustin

**ISBN** : 978-623-120-594-0 (no.jil.lengkap)  
978-623-120-595-7 (jil.1)

Diterbitkan oleh : **EUREKA MEDIA AKSARA, MARET 2024**  
**ANGGOTA IKAPI JAWA TENGAH**  
**NO. 225/JTE/2021**

**Redaksi:**

Jalan Banjaran, Desa Banjaran RT 20 RW 10 Kecamatan Bojongsari  
Kabupaten Purbalingga Telp. 0858-5343-1992

Surel : eurekamediaaksara@gmail.com

Cetakan Pertama : 2024

**All right reserved**

Hak Cipta dilindungi undang-undang

Dilarang memperbanyak atau memindahkan sebagian atau seluruh isi buku ini dalam bentuk apapun dan dengan cara apapun, termasuk memfotokopi, merekam, atau dengan teknik perekaman lainnya tanpa seizin tertulis dari penerbit.

## INTRODUCTION

This book discusses a very important topic in the world of education : Enhancing Learning Through Assessment And Evaluation: Strategies For Student Progress Part 1. In this book, we will explore the concept underlying improving learning through assesment and evaluation with progress strategies. We realize that without from various parties, there are still many shortcomings in this book for constructive criticism and suggestions.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>INTRODUCTION</b> .....	<b>iii</b>
<b>TABLE OF CONTENTS</b> .....	<b>iiiv</b>
<b>UNIT 1 INTRODUCTION TO ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION</b> .....	<b>1</b>
A. Definition of Assessment and Evaluation .....	1
B. Importance of Effective Assessment Practices in Education.....	18
C. Overview of the Book's Objectives and Structure.....	29
<b>UNIT 2 UNDERSTANDING FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT</b> ....	<b>36</b>
A. Definition and Purpose of Formative Assessment ....	36
B. Strategies for Implementing Formative Assessment in the Classroom .....	45
C. Examples of Formative Assessment Techniques (Peer Assessment, Self-Assessment, Questioning Techniques) .....	62
D. Benefits of Formative Assessment for Student Learning.....	90
<b>UNIT 3 IMPLEMENTING SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT</b> .....	<b>102</b>
A. Definition and Purpose of Summative Assesment .....	102
B. Different Types of Summative Assessments .....	117
C. Designing Effective Summative Assessment Tasks .....	124
D. Strategies for Grading and Providing Feedback on Summative Assessments.....	133
E. Balancing Summative Assessment with Formative Assessment in the Learning Process .....	140
<b>REFERENCES</b> .....	<b>145</b>
<b>BIOGRAPHY</b> .....	<b>148</b>

# UNIT 1

## INTRODUCTION TO ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION

### A. Definition of Assessment and Evaluation

#### 1. Assessment

Assessment in education refers to the process of gathering information about students' learning, understanding, skills, and abilities. It involves a variety of methods, techniques, and tools used to measure students' progress and achievement. Assessment can take various forms, including formal tests, quizzes, essays, projects, presentations, observations, and discussions. The primary purpose of assessment is to provide feedback to both students and educators about the effectiveness of teaching and learning. It helps educators identify students' strengths and weaknesses, adjust instructional strategies, and tailor learning experiences to meet individual needs. Assessment can be conducted at different points throughout the learning process, including before instruction (pre-assessment), during instruction (formative assessment), and after instruction (summative assessment).

Popham, (2018) stated that in his book "Classroom Assessment: What Teachers Need to Know," assessment is explored from the perspective of classroom practice and its implications for student learning. In his book "Classroom Assessment: What Teachers Need to Know," Popham (2018) delves deeply into the intricate dynamics of assessment within the classroom environment, emphasizing its profound implications for student learning. Through a meticulous

# UNIT 2

## UNDERSTANDING FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

### A. Definition and Purpose of Formative Assessment

Formative assessment is a process used by educators to gather feedback during the learning process, allowing them to adjust instruction and provide targeted support to students. Unlike summative assessment, which typically occurs at the end of a learning period to evaluate student learning outcomes, formative assessment is ongoing and interactive. It aims to inform both teachers and students about their progress towards learning goals, identify areas of strength and weakness, and guide instructional decisions to enhance learning.

Black and Wiliam (1998) define formative assessment as "encompassing all those activities undertaken by teachers, and by their students in assessing themselves, which provide information to be used as feedback to modify the teaching and learning activities in which they are engaged." In their seminal work, they emphasize the interactive nature of formative assessment, highlighting its role in shaping ongoing teaching and learning processes. Formative assessment, according to Black and Wiliam, is not merely about grading or evaluating students but is rather a dynamic process of gathering information about student learning in order to inform instructional decisions.

Black and Wiliam further elaborate on the purpose of formative assessment, emphasizing its role in promoting student progress and achievement. They argue that formative assessment should be focused on improving student learning



# UNIT 3

## IMPLEMENTING SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

### A. Definition and Purpose of Summative Assessment

Summative assessment is a type of evaluation that typically occurs at the end of a learning period, unit, or course. Its primary purpose is to measure the extent to which learners have acquired the knowledge, skills, and competencies outlined in the learning objectives or standards. Unlike formative assessment, which is more continuous and aims to provide feedback for ongoing improvement, summative assessment focuses on assigning grades or determining achievement levels based on predetermined criteria.

Summative assessment refers to the evaluation of learning outcomes and achievement levels at the conclusion of a defined instructional period, such as a unit, semester, or academic year. Black and Wiliam's seminal work "Inside the Black Box: Raising Standards through Classroom Assessment" is widely cited in educational research and has had a significant impact on assessment practices. In their paper, Black and Wiliam emphasize the importance of both formative and summative assessment in improving student learning outcomes. While they don't provide a specific definition of summative assessment in this paper, they do discuss its role and characteristics.

## REFERENCES

- Black, P., & Wiliam, D. (1998). Inside the black box: Raising standards through classroom assessment. *Phi Delta Kappan*, 80(2), 139-148.
- Brookhart, S. M. (2013). How to assess higher-order thinking skills in your classroom. ASCD.
- Brookhart, S. M. (2013). How to create and use rubrics for formative assessment and grading. ASCD.
- Darling-Hammond, L., & Adamson, F. (2014). Beyond basic skills: The role of performance assessment in achieving 21st century standards of learning. Stanford Center for Opportunity Policy in Education.
- Darling-Hammond, L., & Adamson, F. (2014). Beyond the bubble test: How performance assessments support 21st century learning. Jossey-Bass.
- Gronlund, N. E., & Brookhart, S. M. (2016). How to Design and Evaluate Research in Education (10th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
- Gronlund, N. E., & Linn, R. L. (1990). Measurement and evaluation in teaching (6th ed.). Macmillan.
- Guskey, T. R. (2007). Closing the assessment loop: Enhancing performance through meaningful feedback. In *Assessment, grading, and equity: Reclaiming fairness and transparency in schools* (pp. 135-152). Corwin Press.
- Hattie, J., & Timperley, H. (2007). The power of feedback. *Review of educational research*, 77(1), 81-112.
- Heritage, M. (2007). Formative assessment: What do teachers need to know and do?. *Phi Delta Kappan*, 89(2), 140-145.
- Heritage, M. (2013). Formative assessment: Making it happen in the classroom. Corwin Press.

- Johnson, L., Adams Becker, S., Estrada, V., & Freeman, A. (2014). NMC horizon report: 2014 K-12 edition. The New Media Consortium.
- Koretz, D. (2008). *Measuring Up: What Educational Testing Really Tells Us*. Harvard University Press.
- McMillan, J. H., & Hearn, J. (2008). Student Self-Assessment: The Key to Stronger Student Motivation and Higher Achievement. *Educational Horizons*, 87(1), 40-49.
- Mehrens, W. A., & Lehmann, I. J. (2018). *Measurement and Evaluation in Education and Psychology*. Routledge.
- Mertler, C. A. (2016). *Classroom assessment: Principles and practice for effective standards-based instruction*. Routledge
- Nichols, P. D., & Berliner, D. C. (2007). *Collateral Damage: How High-Stakes Testing Corrupts America's Schools*. Harvard Education Press.
- Nitko, A. J., & Brookhart, S. M. (2011). *Educational assessment of students* (6th ed.). Pearson.
- Nitko, A. J., & Brookhart, S. M. (2018). *Educational assessment of students*. Pearson.
- O'Donnell, J., & Paradise, C. (2018). *Classroom Assessment for Teachers*. Rowman & Littlefield.
- Pellegrino, J. W., Chudowsky, N., & Glaser, R. (Eds.). (2001). *Knowing what students know: The science and design of educational assessment*. National Academies Press
- Popham, W. J. (2008). *Classroom Assessment: What Teachers Need to Know* (5th ed.). Pearson.
- Popham, W. J. (2008). *Transformative assessment*. ASCD.
- Popham, W. J. (2018). *Classroom Assessment: What Teachers Need to Know* (8th ed.). Pearson.
- Sadler, D. R. (1989). Formative assessment and the design of instructional systems. *Instructional Science*, 18(2), 119-144.

- Shepard, L. A. (2000). The role of assessment in a learning culture. *Educational Researcher*, 29(7), 4-14
- Stiggins, R. J., Arter, J. A., Chappuis, J., & Chappuis, S. (2006). *Classroom assessment for student learning: Doing it right – using it well*. Assessment Training Institute
- Stufflebeam, D. L., Madaus, G. F., & Kellaghan, T. (2000). *Evaluation Models: Viewpoints on Educational and Human Services Evaluation* (2nd ed.). Springer.
- Wiggins, G. (1998). *Educative assessment: Designing assessments to inform and improve student performance*. Jossey-Bass.
- Wiggins, G., & McTighe, J. (2005). *Understanding by design*. ASCD.

## BIOGRAPHY

Laksmy Ady Kusumoriny, S.S., M.Pd., took her bachelor's degree in the English Department Faculty of Letters at Universitas Pamulang and her master's in English Education at UHAMKA, Jakarta. Currently, she is a lecturer in linguistics at Pamulang University. She also teaches English at Sekolah Tinggi Ekonomi Islam (STEI) SEBI, in Depok Jawa Barat. In addition she actively writes many articles in various media, particularly online, on a wide range of topics, including education, language and culture.